

Mascarilla FFP2 NR - Talla M



TECHNICAL ASSESSMENT REPORT

REPORT DATE / NO: 12.10.2020 / 2163-KKD-704 / R2

Initial Report Date and Number: 03.06.2020 / 2163-KKD-704

This technical evaluation report is updated with the model name update decision and also use of the same fabric as defined in the initial technical with colored versions in the outher most layer of the mask and earloops. The manufacturer also designed a smaller size (M) and named the initial design as standard size. The purpose of the change is to produce respectively smaller sized masks to better fit for those who have smaller face / chin whn compared to general sizes of adults. One more purpose can be considered as to provide better fitting masks for younger people. There is no other design or material change in the colored or M sie versions of the model. The Total Inward Lekage test is not conducted because of unavailability of subjects for the test. The smaller size (M) is tested for particle filtration efficiency and breathing resistance. See relevant test reports.

Manufacturer: CHANGZHOU RUIDA MEDICAL TECHNOLOGY CO. LTD.

Address: No: 88 Mahang Middle Road, Hutang Town, Wujin District, Changzhou City, Jiangsu Province, China

This report is for the, given above manufacturer, prepared according to the test results conducted by UNIVERSAL CERTIFICATION, dated 26.05.2020 with Serial No 05-2020-T-095 and dated 08.10.2020 with Serial No 10-2020-T-0415 based on EN 149: 2001 + A1: 2009 standard and test reports on the material safety by means of toxic, carcinogen, irritationg and sensitivity evaluation.

The technical file of the manufacturer, and risk evaluation against the essential health safety requirements and the test report evaluated for their relation with Essential Requirements of Personel Protective Equipment Regulation and found to be appropriate.

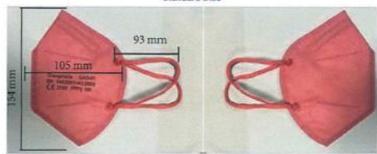
This report is an annex and an integral part of the EU Type Examination Certificate issued to the manufacturer. The test results and issued certificate belongs only to the tested model. The technical report consists of a total of 6 pages.

Product Description: Particle Filtering Half Mask

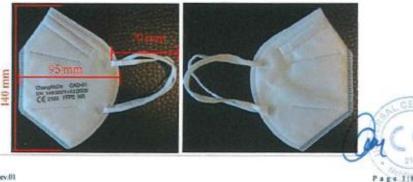
Classification: FFP2 NR

Brand Name: ChangAnDa Model: CAD-01 (Former model name was KN95), Sizes: Standard - Medium

Standard Size



Medium Size



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THE CLAUSES OF EN 149: 2001 + A1: 2009 STANDARD RELATED TO EUROPEAN UNION DIRECTIVE EU 2016/425 REQUIREMENTS

1.1. Design principles

1.1.1. Ergonomics

PPE must be so designed and manufactured that in the foresecable conditions of use for which it is intended the user can perform the risk related activity normally whilst enjoying appropriate protection of the highest prossible level.

1.1.2. Levels and classes of protection

1.1.2.1. Highest level of protection possible

The optimum level of protection to be taken into account in the design is that beyond which the constraints by the wearing of the PPE would prevent its effective use during the period of exposure to the risk or normal performance of the activity.

1.1.2.2. Classes of protection appropriate to different levels of risk

Where differing foresceable conditions of use are such that several levels of the same risk can be distinguished, appropriate classes of protection must be taken into account in the design of the PPE.

1.2. Innocuousness of PPE

1.2.1. Absence of risks and other inherent nuisance factors

PPE must be so designed and manufactured as to proclude risks and other nuisance factors under fore seeable conditions of use.

1.2.1.1. Suitable constituent materials

The materials of which the PPE is made, including any of their possible decomposition products, must not adversely affect the health or safety of users.

1.2.1.2. Satisfactory surface condition of all PPE parts in contact with the user

Any part of the PPE that is in contact or is liable to come into contact with the user when the PPE is worn must be free of rough surfaces, sharp edges, sharp points and the like which could cause excessive irritation or injuries

1.2.1.3. Maximum permessible user impediment

Any inpediment caused by PPE to movements to be made, postures to be adopted and sensory perception must be minimized; nor must PPE cause movements which endanger the user or other persons.

1.3 Comfort and effectiveness

1.3.1. Adaptation of PPE to user morphology

PPE must be designed and manufactured in such a way as to facilitate its correct positioning on the user and to remain in place for the foreseeable period of use, bearing in mind ambient factors, the actions to be carried out and the postures to be adopted. For this purpose, it must be possible to adapt the PPE to fit the morphology of the user by all appropriate means, such as adequate adjustment and attachment systems or the provision of an adequate range of sizes.

1.3.2. Lightness and design strength

PPE must be as light as possible without prejudicing design strength and efficiency.

Apart from the specific additional requirements which they must satisfy in order to provide adequate protection against the risks in question (see 3), PPE must be capable of withstanding the effects of ambient phenomena inherent under the foreseeable conditions of use

1.4. Information supplied by the manufacturer

The notes that must be drawn up by the former and supplied when PPE is placed on the market must contain all relevant information on:

- a) In addition to the name and addressof the manufacturer and/or his authorized representative established in the Community
- Storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, servicing and disinfection, cleaning, maintenance or disinfectant protection recommended by manufacturers must have no adverse effect on PPE or users when applied in accordance with the relevant instructions;
- Performance as recorded during technical tests to check the levels or classes of protection provided by the PPE in guestion;
- d) Suitable PPE accessories and the characteristics of appropriate spare parts;
- e) The classes of protection appropriate to different levels of risk and the corresponding limits of use;
- f) The obsolescence deadlineor period of obsolescence of PPEor certain of its components;
- g) The type of packaging suitable for transport;
- h) The significance of any markings(see 2.12)
- Where appropriate the references of the Directives applied inaccordance with Article5(6) (b);
- j) The name, address and identification number of the notified body involved in the design stage of the PPE

These notes, which must be precise and comprehensible, must be provided at least in the official language(s) of the member state of destination



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2. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS COMMON TO SEVERAL CLASSES OR TYPES OF PPE

2.1. PPE incorporating adjustment systems

If PPE incorporates adjustment systems, the latter must be designed and manufactured so that, after adjustment, they do not become unintentionally in the foreseeable conditions of use.

2.3. PPE for the face, eyes and respiratory system

Any restriction of the user's face, eyes, field of vision or respiratory system by the PPE shall be minimised.

The screens for those types of PPE must have a degree of optical neutrality that is compatible with the degree of precision and the duration of the activities of the user.

If necessary, such PPE must be treated or provided with means to prevent misting-up.

Models of PPE intended for users requiring sight correction must be compatible with the wearing of spectacles or contact Jenses.

2.4. PPE subject to ageing

If it is known that the design performance of new PPE may be significantly affected by ageing, the month and year of manufacture and/or, if possible, the month and year of obsolescence must be indelibly and unambiguously marked on each item of PPE placed on the market and on its packaging.

If the manufacturer is unable to give an undertaking with regard to the useful life of the PPE, his instructions must provide all the information necessary to enable the purchaser or user to establish a reasonable obsolescence month and year, taking into account the quality level of the model and the effective conditions of storage, use, cleaning, servicing and maintenance.

Where appreciable and rapid deterioration in PPE performance is likely to be caused by ageing resulting from the periodic use of a cleaning process recommended by the manufacturer, the latter must, if possible, affix a marking to each item of PPE placed on the market indicating the maximum number of cleaning operations that may be carried out before the equipment needs to be inspected or discarded. Where such a marking is not affixed, the manufacturer must give that information in his instructions.

2.6. PPE for use in potentially explosive atmospheres

PPE intended for use in potentially explosive atmospheres must be designed and manufactured in such a way that it cannot be the source of an electric, electrostatic or impact-induced are or spark likely to cause an explosive mixture to ignite.

2.8. PPE for intervention in very dangerous situations

The instructions supplied by the manufacturer with PPE for intervention in very dangerous situations must include, in particular, data intended for competent, trained persons who are qualified to interpret them and ensure their application by the user.

The instructions must also describe the procedure to be adopted in order to verify that PPE is correctly adjusted and functional when worn by the user. Where PPE incorporates an alarm which is activated in the absence of the level of protection normally provided, the alarm must be designed and placed so that it can be perceived by the user in the foreseeable conditions of use.

2.9. PPE incorporating components which can be adjusted or removed by the user

Where PPE incorporates components which can be attached, adjusted or removed by the user for replacement purposes, such components must be designed and manufactured so that they can be easily attached, adjusted and removed without tools.

2.12. PPE bearing one or more identification or recognition marks directly or indirectly relating to health and safety

The identification or recognition marks directly or indirectly relating to health and safety affixed to these types or classes of must preferably take the form of harmonized pictograms or ideograms and must rem ain perfectly legible throughout the foreseeableuseful life of the PPE. In addition, these marks must be complete, precise and comprehensible so as to prevent any misinterpretation; in particular, where such marks incorporate words or sentences, the latter must appear in the official language(s) of the Member State where the equipment is to be used.

If PPE (or a PPE component) is too small to allow all or part of the necessary marking to be affixed, the relevant information must be mentioned on the packing and in the manufacturer's notes.

3. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIC TO PARTICULAR RISKS

3.10.2. Protection against cutaneous and ocular contact

PPE intended to prevent the surface contact of all or part of the body with substances and mixtures which are hazardous to health or with harmful biological agents must be capable of preventing the penetration or permeation of such substances and mixtures and agents through the protective integument under the foreseeable conditions of use for which the PPE is intended.

To this end, the constituent materials and other components of those types of PPE must be chosen or designed and incorporated so as to ensure, as far as possible, complete leak-tightness, which will allow where necessary prolonged daily use or, failing this, limited leak-tightness necessitating a restriction of the period of wear.

Where, by virtue of their nature and the foreseeable conditions of their use, certain substances and mixtures which are hazardous to health or harmful biological agents possess high penetrative power which limits the duration of the protection provided by the PPE in question, the latter must be subjected to standard tests with a view to their classification on the basis of their performance, PPE which is considered to be in conformity with the test specifications must bear a marking indicating, in particular, the names or, in the absence of the names, the codes of the substances used in the tests and the corresponding standard period of protection. The manufacturer's instructions must also contain, in particular, an explanation of the codes (if necessary), a detailed description of the standard tests and all appropriate information for the determination of the maximum permissible period of wear under the different foreseeable conditions of use.

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Technical Assessment of EN 149: 2001 + A1: 2009 Standard and other Standards it refers to, Clauses Corresponding to the (EU) 2016/425 Directive

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		onformin	ig to EN 149	:2001 + A1	:2009 Stand	ard Requiren	ients:					
				eation - FFP2								
			lf masks are pa	ckaged to pr	otect them from	contamination	before use an	d with cardbo	and boxes to			
7.4	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH								-30 to 2			
Article 7.5	Materials Materials used in particle filtering half masks, according to the simulated wearing treatment and temperature conditioning repunderstood withstand handling and wear over the period for which the particle filtering half mask is designed to be used suffered in fullure of the facepiece or straps, any material from the filter media released by the air flow through the filter has not constitute a husiance for the weater. The model have colored once manufactured by use of colored spanhound fabrics to the most outer layer of the mask, with the earloop Based on the test results in the sest report of SGS (Report numbers CANML2014109401 (Lighs Blue), CANML2014108401 CANML2014108601 (Frange), CANML2014108601 (F											
		Cleaning and Disinfection: Particle filtering half mask is not designed to be as re-usable.										
1.00	Practical Perform	Practical Performance:										
Sec. de		Assessed Elements			Neg	arive	Requirements in accordance with E7 149:2001 + A1:2009 and Result					
		1.The face piece fitting										
				- 2				19:2001 + A1:2009 and Result tive results are obtained from the erformance tests related to the ementation under real conditions, of with the compatibility with skin evaluation (7.10). No imperfections				
7.7				- 5								
									999			
		6.Materials computibility				9	200					
	with	with skin				,	No in	No imperfections				
	Conditioning : (A	Conditioning: (A.R.) As Received, original										
Article 7.8	burrs.				dy to come into	contact with th	e user, do not l	save sharp edg	es and do not			
	100000000000000000000000000000000000000		rea only for stan	isard size)	1 - 11 1	I that	- I III	To a trace	Division in			
			Condition.	1.Walk			Speech	2. Walk	Average			
	1	31	AR	6.4	5 47	4,15	6,13	6,79	5,87			
	2	32	A.R	ckaged to protect them from contamination before use and with call masks, according to the simulated wearing treatment and temperature the period for which the particle filtering half mask is designed to be from the filter needia released by the air flow through the filter lass are of colored spunbound fabrics to the most outer layer of the mask, is of SIS (Report numbers CANML2014109101 (Light Bine), CANML2014109101 (Cellon) - prepared by SIS-CSTC Standards Towns. Based on the results the colored naturals (spunbound fabric) used mask, is not designed to be as re-usable. Positive Negative Requirements in accordant 149-2001 - A12-2004 at 162-201 at 162	7,45	6,38						
Article Classification: Particle filtering half Mask Total Inward Leskage: Classification - FFP2 Article Packing: Particle filtering half masks are packaged to protect them from costa mechanical damage. Material: Materials used in particle filtering half masks, according to the simulated understood withstand handling and wear over the period for which the particle filt failure of the facepiece or straps, any material from the filter media released by it missance for the wearer. The model have colored ones manufactured by are of colored spunbound fabrics in Based on the test results in the test report of SGS (Report numbers CAUS). CANAL 2014 100601 (Crosp), CANAL 2014 1008201 (Purple), CANAL 2014 100801 (Rose), CANAL 2014 100801 (Rose), CANAL 2014 100801 (Rose) than 2014 100801 (Rose) than 2014 100801 (Rose) than 2014 100801 (Rose), CANAL 2014 100801 (Rose), CANAL 2014 100801 (Rose) than 2014 100801 (Rose), CANAL 2014 100801 (Rose), CANAL 2014 100801 (Rose), CANAL 2014 100801 (Rose) than 2014 100801 (Rose), CANAL 2014 100801 (Rose), CAN			7,12	6,94								
								7,4	7.01			
								6,2	6,65			
		- Company of the Comp						7.32	7,17			
								8,19	8,2			
200								9,2	7.99			
								8,87	7,81			
6.00,1						201	4.01	7.46	2.66			
			-					7,68	7,05			
								9,2	8.2			
		R.) As Rece	rived, original	1,000	1 1000							
	It was reported the All 50 exercise me At least 9 of 10 in	it; rapurement re	esults are smalle	r or equal to 1								
	0,2 70	According	ng to the report	od results, the	product meets	the limits for E	FP1 and FFP2	classification				
		Acceptan	of to me rebeir	OR LENGTH?" DW	broance meets	the mines for t	** * 400 *** *	Capacitication				



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Penetration	of filter	material:	Sodium	Chloride	Testing

Standard Size

Condition	No. of Sample	Sodium Chloride Testing 95 L/min max (%)	Requirements in accordance with EN 149:2001 + A1:2009	Result
(A.R.)		2,65		
(A.R.)		4,03	The second secon	Filtering half masks fulfill the
(A.R.)		5,07	FFP1 ≤ 20 %	requirements of the standard
(S.W.)		2.70	1,110,000	EN EN 149/2001 + A1:2009
(S.W.)		4,06	FFP2 ≤ 6 %	given in 7.9.2 in range of the
(S.W.)		5,10	3331333333	first and second protection
(M.S. T.C.)		2.68	FFP3 ≤ 1 %	class.
(M.S. T.C.)		4,06		FFP1, FFP2
(M.S. T.C.)		5.09		

95 L/min = 1,6 dm³.sm³

Article 7.9.2

dmicle 1.9.2

Condition	No. of Sample	Sodium Chloride Testing 95 L/min max (%)	Requirements in accordance with EN 149:2001 + A1:2009	Result
(A.R.)		0,55		
(A.R.)		0,83		Filtering half masks fulfill the
(A.R.)		0,58	FFP5 ≤ 20 %	requirements of the standard
(S.W.)		1,70		EN EN 149:2001 + A1:2009
(S.W.)		1,28	FFP2 ≤ 6 %	given in 7.9.2 in range of the
(S.W.)		0,58		first and second protection
(M.S. T.C.)		1,03	FFP3 ≤ 1 %	elass.
(M.S. T.C.)		1.34		FFP1, FFP2
(M.S. T.C.)	+	1.52		
	Mechanical Streng			95 L/min = 1,6 dm ³ .sn ⁻¹

Conditioning: (M.S.) Mechanical Strength

(T.C.) Temperature Conditioning (A.R.) As Received, original

(S.W.) Simulated wearing treatment

Both sizes of the model complies with the FFF2 requirements

Penetration of filter material: : Paraffin Oil Testing

Condition	No. of Sample	Paraffin Oil Testing 95 L/min max (%)	Requirements in accordance with EN 149:2001 + A1:2009	Result
(AR)	-	3,97		
(AR.)	.+.	3,18	-	Filtering half masks fulfill the
(AR)	14.	4.58	FFP1 ≤ 20 %	requirements of the standard
(S.W.)		4,01	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	EN EN 149:2001 + A1:2009
(S.W.)	-	3,20	FFP2 ≤ 6 %	given in 7.9.2 in range of the
(S.W.)		4,61	NO.	first and second protection
(M.S. T.C.)		3,99	FFP3 ≤ 1 %	class.
(M.S. T.C.)	+	3,21	mme270/00	FFP1, FFP2
(M.S. T.C.)		4,63		A STATE OF THE STA

Condition	No. of Sample	Paraffin Oil Testing 95 L/min max (%)	Requirements in accordance with EN 149:2001 + A1:2009	Result
(AR.)	4	1,24		
(A.R.)		1,63		Filtering half masks fulfill the
(A.R.)		1,49	FFP1 ≤ 20 %	requirements of the standard
(S.W.)		1,68		EN EN 149:2001 + A1:2009
(S.W.)		1,65	FFP2 ≤ 6 %	given in 7.9.2 in range of the
(S.W.)	-	1,47	Part Spreading	first and second protection.
(M.S. T.C.)		1,71	FFP3 ≤ 1 %	class.
(M.S. T.C.)		2,98	Charles and an	FFP1, FFP2
OUS TC)		1.76		

Conditioning: (M.S.) Mechanical Strength

(Sc. 5). Mochanical Strengths
(T.C.) Temperature Conditioning
(A.R.) As Received, original
(S.W.) Simulated wearing treatment

Both sizes of the model complies with the FFP2 requirements

Compatibility with skin: In Practical Performance report, the likelihood of mosk materials in contact with the skin causing artistation of other adverse effect on health was not reported. Article 7.10

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	Flammability:	1 81- 4	-								
	Condition	No. of Sample		n Requires	sents in accordance with EN 149:2001 + A1:2009	Result					
	(A.R.)		2,40		Filtering half mask	Passed					
Armele	(A.R.)		2,08		shall not burn or not		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				
7,11	(T.C.)		2,19		continue to burn for	Filtering hal	masks fulfill				
	(T.C.)		2,14		more than 5 s after		ents of the				
	Conditioning : (A	R.) As Receiv	ved, original	, re	moval from the flame	star	dard				
			ure Conditioning								
	Carbon dioxide content of the inhalation air:										
Article 7.12	Condition	No. of Sample	CO: comest of the inhalation [%] by volume	An average COs content of the inhalation pir	Requirements in accordant EN 149:2001 + A1:20						
7.12	(A.R.)		0,49				Passed				
	(A.R.)		0,64		COs content of the inhalat	ion air	ring half mask				
	(AR.)	.2	0,59	0,57	shall not exceed an avera 1,0% by volume	ge or fulfil	requirements of				
			national and a graph of the last		Lionally visitation		he standard				
	Conditioning ; (A.	R.) As Recei	ved, original								
tricle 7.13			rformance report, No adverse e properties. Tested on sample		ported for holding the mask	of the head h	ansess firmly				
dritele 1.14	Field of vision: In	Practical Perf	formance report, no adverse ef	fects were reported for	the field of vision features.						
	Breathing Resista Standard Size			Inhalation Resista		Requirements is					
	Condition	No. of Sample	Plow Rate ac	cordance with EN 9:2001 + A1:2009		EN 149:2001 + A1:2009					
	(A.R.)	42	0,36		1,21						
	(A.R.)	43	0,38	-	1,25	PPR - 2 1					
	(A.R.)	44	0,37	FFP1 ≤ 0,6	1,23	$FFP1 \le 2,1$					
	(S.W.)	7	0.38	CERT + A 7	1.23	FFP2 ≤ 2,4	***************************************				
	(S.W.)	8	0,40	FFP2 ≤ 0,7	1,27	FFF2 \ 2.0	Passed				
	(S.W.)	9	0.39	FFP3 ≤ 1,0	1,26	FFP3 ≤ 3,0					
	(T,C.)	23	0,37	1112 510	1,25	1112 3 200					
	(T.C.)	24	0.38		1,28						
	(T.C.)	25	0,38		1,29						
	Medium Size				No.						
triicle		_		Inhalation Resista		Requirements in	Result				
7.16	Condition	No. of Sample	Flow Rate ac	Requirements in cordance with EN 9:2001 + A1:2009	Flow Rate	EN 149:2001 + A1:2009	100000				
	(A.R.)	42	0,58		1,68						
	(A.R.)	43	0,51	20001007	1,43	ERFE - 7 1					
	(A.R.)	44	0,55	FFP1 ≤ 0,6	1,50	FFP1 ≤ 2,1					
	(S.W.)	7	0,53		1,67	status and	100				
	(S.W.)	2	0.55	FFP2 ≤ 0,7	1,69	$FFP2 \le 2.4$	Passed				
	(S.W.)	9	0,60	PRODUCT 1	1,73	CCD2 - 3.0					
	(T.C.)	23	0,62	FFP3 ≤ 1,0	1,76	FFP3 ≤ 3,0					
	(T.C.)	24	0,59		1.68						
	(T.C.)	25	0,57		1,49						
		ioning compli	figures gathered for 9 differences with the limits given in the second of 100 Limits.								
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	Standard	g Resistance: Ex Size	halation								
	No. of Sample	Condition	Flow	Facing directly	Facing vertically apwards	Facing vertically downwards	Lying on the left side	Lying on the right side	Requirements in accordance with EN 149:2001+A1:2009	Assessment of Test Result Conformity Nonconformity	
	42			2,18	2,20	2,21	2,29	2,21		Passed	
	43	As received		2,23	2,25	2.25	2,27	2,29		Passed	
	44			2,24	2,26	2,27	2,36	2,31	020703100.07	Passed	
	7.	Simulated		2,20	2,22	2,25	2,28	2,26	FFP1≤3,0	Passed	
	8	wearing	160 l/min	2,25	2,30	2,32	2,33	2,30	FFP2 ≤ 3.0	Passed	
	.9	treatment	Limin	2,27	2,29	2,30	2,30	2,31	PPR 2 0	Passed	
	23		1	2,21	2,22	2,25	2,27	2,26	FFP3 ≤ 3,0	Passed	
	24	Temperature		2,26	2,28	2,30	2,31	2,30	1	Passed	
	25	conditioned		2,29	2,31	2,32	2,34	2,32		Passed	
	Medium 5	Une									
1.	No. of Sample	Condition	Flow rate	Facing directly	Facing vertically upwards	Facing vertically downwards	Lying on the left nide	Lying on the right side	Requirements in accordance with EN 149:2001+A1:2009	Assessment of Test Result Conformity Nonconformity	
	42			2,25	2,03	2,06	2,11	2,14		Passed	
	43	As received		1,83	2,16	1,98	2,12	2,15	FFP1 ≤ 3,0 FFP2 ≤ 3,0 FFP3 ≤ 3,0	Passed	
	44			1,92	2,21	1.93	2,08	2,13		Passed	
	7	2000000		2,05	2,11	1,98	1,95	2,07		Passed	
	8	Simulated wearing	160	2,03	2,06	1,95	2,04	2,9t		Passed	
	9	treatment	l/min	2,07	2,09	2,00	2,05	2,03		Passed	
	23			2,10	2,13	2,11	2,08	2,10		Passed	
	24	Temperature		2,06	2,15	2,09	2,13	2,08		Passed	
	25	conditioned		2,12	2,10	2,14	2,16	2,11		Passed	
	mechanic	The overall evaluation in the figures gathered for 9 different samples 3 as received, 3 with temparature conditioning and 3 temparature exchanged conditioning, of each size (namelend and medium) complies with the limits given in the standard for FFP1, FFP2 and FFP3 class. This is valid for inhabition results for 30 L/min, 95 L/min and exhabition at 160 L/min. Pussed.									
Í		: This test is not shift use devices,									
3	Penetrati	on of filter mat	erial: Thi	s test is no	t applied to l	Particle Filterin	g Half Masi	which is r	sot reusable.		
e	Demount	able Parts: The	re are no	demountab	le parts on t	he product.					
	the produ	Marking – Packaging: Manufacturer expected to put necessary information (reference to standard, user instructions etc) markings as defined of the product and its packaging templates. The tested samples as medium size did not have the correct model name CAD-01 omide, the other expectations of the standard were in conformance.									
e	(installati	information to be supplied by the manufacturer: In each of the smallest commercially available packaging of the product, implementation (installation instruction) pre-use controls, warning and usage limitations, storage and meanings of symbols / pictograms are defined in the technical file templates.									





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